

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ALABAMA
SOUTHERN DIVISION**

KENNETH E. DOROUGH,

Plaintiff,

v.

FIRST COMMERCIAL BANK, a domestic
corporation, EQUIFAX INFORMATION
SERVICES, LLC, a foreign limited liability,

Defendants.

Civil Action No.:

Jury Trial Demanded

COMPLAINT

COMES NOW Plaintiff, by and through the undersigned attorney, and would show unto
this Court as follows:

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

1. This petition is an action for statutory and actual damages, brought by an individual consumer (hereinafter referred to as "Plaintiff") against Defendants, jointly and severally, for violations of both the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1692, *et. seq.* (hereinafter referred to as "FDCPA"), and the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1681, *et seq.* (hereinafter referred to as "FCRA").
2. In addition, this petition seeks actual, compensatory, statutory, and/or punitive damages under Alabama state law and the Alabama Deceptive Trade Practices Act, Ala. Code 1975 § 8-19-1, *et seq.* (hereinafter referred to as "ADTPA"), pursuant to this Court's pendent and supplemental jurisdiction.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

3. Jurisdiction of this Court arises under the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(d), the FCRA, 15 U.S.C. § 1681p, 28 U.S.C. § 1331, and the doctrine of supplemental jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367. Defendants' violations of Plaintiff's rights, as alleged herein, occurred in Jefferson County, Alabama, and were committed within the Southern Division of the Northern District of Alabama.

PARTIES

4. Plaintiff KENNETH E. DOROUGH (hereinafter referred to as "Plaintiff") is a natural person and a resident and citizen of Jefferson County, the State of Alabama, and of the United States. Plaintiff is a "consumer" as that term is defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(3) and Ala. Code 1975 § 8-19-3(2).
5. Defendant FIRST COMMERCIAL BANK, (hereinafter referred to as "FIRST COMMERCIAL" or "Defendant") is a domestic corporation engaged in the business of furnishing consumers with credit in the State of Alabama.
6. Defendant EQUIFAX INFORMATION SERVICES, LLC (hereinafter referred to as "EQUIFAX" or "Defendant") is a foreign limited liability company licensed to do business within the State of Alabama. EQUIFAX is a consumer reporting agency, as defined in section 1681a(f) of the FCRA, regularly engaged in the business of assembling, evaluating, and dispersing information concerning consumers for the purpose of furnishing consumer reports, as defined in section 1681a(d) of the FCRA, to third parties.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

7. Plaintiff restates and reiterates herein all previous paragraphs.

8. Plaintiff filed bankruptcy and was discharged on July 19, 2005 with all Defendants receiving a copy of the discharge order. The case number is 05-03939 and it was filed in the Northern District of the Alabama Bankruptcy Court.
9. Despite their receipt of the aforementioned court order, Defendant FIRST COMMERCIAL continues to report Plaintiff's account to one or more of the three national consumer reporting agencies (hereinafter referred to as "CRAs") as having current balances due and payable rather than reflecting that such were discharged in bankruptcy. More specifically, Defendant FIRST COMMERCIAL show a balance of \$51 on EQUIFAX.
10. Defendant FIRST COMMERCIAL has intentionally and maliciously failed and/or refused to either accurately report the account as having been discharged in bankruptcy or notify the CRAs that such account has a zero balance as a result of being discharged in bankruptcy.
11. Plaintiff's credit reports, credit worthiness, and credit scores have been negatively impacted by the inaccurate reporting of Defendant FIRST COMMERCIAL.
12. Defendant FIRST COMMERCIAL has proximately caused Plaintiff past and future monetary loss, past and future damage to Plaintiff's credit and credit worthiness, past and future mental distress and emotional anguish, and other damages that will be presented to the jury.
13. Defendant FIRST COMMERCIAL knew and knows that a discharge order means Plaintiff no longer owes the debt and has no personal liability to Defendant. However, Defendant FIRST COMMERCIAL has made a corporate decision to willfully and

maliciously act contrary to its knowledge in a calculated decision to violate the requirements to properly update Plaintiff's account.

14. Defendant FIRST COMMERCIAL has a policy and procedure to refuse to properly update credit reports of consumers, such as Plaintiff, who have discharged their debts. The reason is to keep false information on their credit reports. The false information consists of a balance shown as owed absent any reference to the debt being discharged in Bankruptcy.
15. Defendant FIRST COMMERCIAL updates numerous accounts each month with allegedly the correct information regarding the balances but has willfully and maliciously refused to do so with Plaintiff and other consumers who are similarly situated.
16. Defendant FIRST COMMERCIAL has willfully and maliciously failed to report Plaintiff's account as having "0" balance as required by 16 CFR § 607(6) which states, "a consumer report may include an account that was discharged in bankruptcy (as well as the bankruptcy itself), as long as it reports a zero balance due to reflect the fact that the consumer is no longer liable for the discharged debt."
17. Defendant FIRST COMMERCIAL has promised, through its subscriber agreements or contracts with the CRAs, to update accounts that have been discharged in bankruptcy but it has willfully, maliciously, recklessly, wantonly, and/or negligently failed to follow this requirement as well as the requirements set forth under the FCRA, FDCPA, ADTPA, federal law and state law which has resulted in this information remaining on Plaintiff's credit reports.
18. Defendant FIRST COMMERCIAL has a policy to "park" its accounts on at least one of

the Plaintiff's credit reports. This industry-specific term refers to keeping a false balance (or false account) on the credit report so that the consumer will be forced to pay off the balance in order to obtain refinancing, qualify for a loan, or increase the consumer's credit score from the artificially lowered score which directly resulted from the Defendant's intentional and malicious conduct.

19. In the context of parking an account, Defendant FIRST COMMERCIAL has an obligation and duty under federal and state law to accurately report the balance and it willfully and maliciously refuse to do so.
20. Defendant FIRST COMMERCIAL has agreed to and understands it must follow the requirements of the FCRA including:
 - a) 15 U.S.C. § 1681(a)(1)(a) which states, "[a] person shall not furnish any information relating to a consumer to any consumer reporting agency if the person knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the information is inaccurate."
 - b) 15 U.S.C. § 1681(a)(1)(B) which states, "[a] person shall not furnish information relating to a consumer to any consumer reporting agency if -
 - (i) the person has been notified by the consumer¹, at the address specified by the person for such notices, that specific information is inaccurate; and
 - (ii) the information is, in fact, inaccurate."
 - c) 15 U.S.C. § 1681(a)(2) which states, "[a] person who -
 - (A) regularly and in the ordinary course of business furnishes information to

¹ The notice here comes from the federal bankruptcy court relating directly to the consumer.

one or more consumer reporting agencies about the person's transactions or experiences with any consumer; and

- (B) has furnished to a consumer reporting agency information that the person determines is not complete or accurate, shall promptly notify the consumer reporting agency of that determination and provide to the agency any corrections to that information, or any additional information, that is necessary to make the information provided by the person to the agency complete and accurate, and shall not thereafter furnish to the agency any of the information that remains not complete or accurate."

21. Defendant FIRST COMMERCIAL knows that parking a balance will lead to the publication of false and defamatory information every time Plaintiff's credit reports are accessed. However, Defendant FIRST COMMERCIAL intentionally and maliciously intends to force Plaintiff, and others similarly situated, to pay on an account that has been discharged.
22. Plaintiff's credit reports have been accessed since the discharge and therefore the false information of Defendant FIRST COMMERCIAL has been published to third parties.
23. When the consumer pays the "parked" account, Defendant FIRST COMMERCIAL claims that such payment was merely "voluntarily" or to pay off a "moral obligation." Defendant knows and intends that, by willfully and maliciously parking the account on the credit report, an illegal payment can be extorted from the consumer.
24. Despite receiving disputes regarding its false reporting, Defendant FIRST COMMERCIAL has intentionally and knowingly maintained its policy of keeping false

and damaging information on at least one of Plaintiff's credit reports.

25. Defendant FIRST COMMERCIAL has a practice of maliciously, willfully, recklessly, wantonly, and/or negligently violating, ignoring, and refusing to follow the requirements of the FCRA, FDCPA, ADTPA, federal law and state law.
26. All actions taken by employees, agents, servants, or representatives of any type for Defendant FIRST COMMERCIAL were taken in the line and scope of such individuals' (or entities') employment, agency, or representation.
27. The actions of Defendant FIRST COMMERCIAL were malicious, wanton, reckless, intentional or willful, and performed with either the desire to harm Plaintiff, and/or with the knowledge that its actions would very likely harm Plaintiff, and/or that its actions were taken in violation of the law.
28. Defendant FIRST COMMERCIAL has engaged in a pattern and practice of wrongful and unlawful behavior with respect to accounts and consumer reports which subjects them to punitive and statutory damages, and all other appropriate measures to punish and deter similar future conduct.
29. The actions, omissions, misrepresentations, and violations of the FCRA, FDCPA, federal law, and state law of Defendant FIRST COMMERCIAL, regarding Plaintiff's alleged debts, as described herein, constitute harassment which has resulted in the negligent and intentional infliction of mental and emotional distress upon Plaintiff, proximately causing Plaintiff to suffer severe mental distress, mental and physical pain, embarrassment, and humiliation which Plaintiff will in the future continue to suffer the same.
30. Defendant EQUIFAX has failed and/or refused to verify the accuracy of the information

it has published and continues to publish in Plaintiff's credit reports.

31. The intentional, reckless, and willful violations of the FCRA, federal law and state law of Defendant EQUIFAX has resulted in the negligent and intentional infliction of mental and emotional distress upon Plaintiff proximately causing Plaintiff to suffer severe mental distress, mental and physical pain, embarrassment, and humiliation which Plaintiff will in the future continue to suffer the same.

COUNT ONE
DEFENDANT FIRST COMMERCIAL
VIOLATIONS OF THE FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT
15 U.S.C. § 1692, et seq.

32. Plaintiff restates and reiterates herein all previous paragraphs.
33. Defendant attempted to collect a consumer debt allegedly owed by Plaintiff and the obligation required Plaintiff to pay money arising out of transactions for personal, family, and household purposes. More specifically, the following actions of Defendant violated the FDCPA:
- a) Falsely attempting to collect a debt, by reporting a balance, when there is no legal right to collect the discharged debt;
 - b) Taking illegal actions against Plaintiff;
 - c) Refusing to properly update the accounts;
 - d) Failing to show the accounts as being "disputed" by Plaintiff; and
 - e) Reporting the invalid debt on Plaintiff's credit reports.
34. The foregoing acts and omissions were undertaken by Defendant willfully, intentionally, and knowingly as part of their routine debt collection business and/or in gross reckless

disregard of the rights of Plaintiff.

35. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendant constitute numerous and multiple violations of the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692, *et seq.*
36. As a result of the above violations of the FDCPA, Defendant is liable to Plaintiff for actual damages, statutory damages, costs and attorney's fees under 15 U.S.C. 1692k, civil liability [Section 813 of Pub. Law].

COUNT TWO
ALL DEFENDANTS
VIOLATIONS OF THE ALABAMA DECEPTIVE TRADE PRACTICES ACT
ALA. CODE 1975 § 8-19-3, et seq.

37. Plaintiff restates and reiterates herein all previous paragraphs.
38. The conduct described herein has caused actual confusion or misunderstanding as to the source, sponsorship, approval, or certification of services within the scope of the Alabama Deceptive Trade Practices Act, Ala. Code § 8-19-3.
39. Said conduct is generally and specifically within the meaning of the Alabama Deceptive Trade Practices Act, Ala. Code § 8-19-3, *et seq.*, and in the course of business that is prohibited, unfair, and deceptive.
40. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendants were undertaken by them willfully, intentionally, and knowingly as part of their routine debt collection business, and Plaintiff relied upon such representations as being lawful, yet such conduct is prohibited.
41. The conduct described herein has tremendous potential to be repeated where other consumers similarly situated will be treated with the same unscrupulous, unethical, unfair and deceptive acts and practices.

42. Defendants' unfair and deceptive acts have proximately caused emotional and actual damages and Defendants are liable to Plaintiff for such injury.

COUNT THREE
ALL DEFENDANTS
VIOLATIONS OF THE FAIR CREDIT REPORTING ACT
15 U.S.C. § 1681, et seq.

43. Plaintiff restates and reiterates herein all previous paragraphs.
44. In the entire course of their actions, Defendants willfully and/or negligently violated the provisions of the FCRA in the following respects:
- a) By willfully and/or negligently failing, in the preparation of the consumer reports concerning Plaintiff, to follow reasonable procedures to assure maximum possible accuracy of the information in the reports;
 - b) By willfully and/or negligently failing to comport with FCRA section 1681i;
 - c) Defaming Plaintiff by publishing to third parties false information regarding Plaintiff's creditworthiness;
 - d) Invading the privacy of Plaintiff; and
 - e) Failing in their duty to prevent foreseeable injury to Plaintiff.
45. The foregoing acts and omissions were undertaken by Defendants willfully, intentionally, and knowingly as part of their routine credit reporting business and/or in gross reckless disregard of the rights of Plaintiff.
46. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendants constitute numerous and multiple violations of the FCRA, 15 U.S.C. § 1681, et seq.
47. As a result of the above violations of the FCRA, Defendants are liable to Plaintiff for

actual damages, statutory damages, and costs and attorney's fees under the FCRA.

COUNT FOUR
DEFENDANT FIRST COMMERCIAL
NEGLIGENT, RECKLESS AND WANTON CONDUCT

- 48. Plaintiff restates and reiterates herein all previous paragraphs.
- 49. Defendant's acts, as described herein, were done so negligently and without care or concern for the well-being of Plaintiff.
- 50. As a proximate consequence of Defendant's negligence, Plaintiff has been caused to suffer severe emotional and mental distress.
- 51. As a result of the Defendant's unlawful acts, Defendant is liable to Plaintiff for actual, compensatory, and punitive damages, and costs and attorney's fees.

COUNT FIVE
DEFENDANT FIRST COMMERCIAL
HARASSMENT

- 52. Plaintiff restates and reiterates herein all previous paragraphs.
- 53. Defendant's acts, as described herein, were done so intentionally, maliciously, and willfully, and without care or concern for Plaintiff's well being. Defendant's harassing collection tactics created a hostile environment for Plaintiff.
- 54. Defendant wrongfully exploited Plaintiff in an attempt to coerce Plaintiff into paying the alleged debt.
- 55. Defendant's communications to Plaintiff were offensive and harassing.
- 56. As a proximate consequence of Defendant's harassment, Plaintiff has been embarrassed, offended, humiliated, emotionally distressed, and forced to hire the services of an attorney.

COUNT SIX
ALL DEFENDANTS
INVASION OF PRIVACY

57. Plaintiff restates and reiterates herein all previous paragraphs.
58. Defendants' conduct, as described herein, constitutes an invasion of Plaintiff's privacy in that it intrudes into Plaintiff's private life, publishes private facts regarding Plaintiff, and places Plaintiff in a false light in the eyes of those to whom the publications are made.
59. As a direct and proximate consequence of Defendants' acts of invading Plaintiff's privacy, Plaintiff has been injured in that Plaintiff has been caused to suffer severe embarrassment, humiliation, and mental and emotional distress.

COUNT SEVEN
ALL DEFENDANTS
DEFAMATION

60. Plaintiff restates and reiterates herein all previous paragraphs.
61. Defendants published false information about Plaintiff by reporting to one or more of the CRAs either a false account or balance.
62. Each time the credit reports of Plaintiff were accessed, a new publication occurred, which was the result intended by Defendants.
63. Plaintiff alleges that the publications and defamations were done maliciously, without privilege, and with a willful intent to injure Plaintiff.
64. As a direct and proximate consequence of Defendants' acts of defamation, Plaintiff has been injured in that Plaintiff has been caused to suffer severe embarrassment, humiliation, and mental and emotional distress.

COUNT EIGHT
DEFENDANT FIRST COMMERCIAL
MISREPRESENTATION

65. Plaintiff restates and reiterates herein all previous paragraphs.
66. Defendant intentionally, maliciously, recklessly and/or negligently misrepresented material facts in that it has falsely represented that Plaintiff owes money to Defendant.
67. Defendant intends that those who review the credit reports of Plaintiff will rely upon the misrepresentations and suppressions of material facts related to the balance owed and the lack of indication that the accounts were discharged in bankruptcy.
68. Defendant has intended that the justifiable and reasonable reliance by others would adversely affect Plaintiff.
69. As a direct and proximate consequence of Defendant's acts of misrepresentation, Plaintiff has been injured in that Plaintiff has been caused to suffer severe embarrassment, humiliation, and mental and emotional distress.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully prays that judgment be entered against each and every

Defendant, jointly and severally, by this Court for the following:

- b) Award Plaintiff actual damages;
- c) Award Plaintiff punitive damages;
- d) Award Plaintiff state and federal statutory damages;
- e) Award Plaintiff compensatory damages for mental and emotional distress, humiliation and embarrassment to be determined at trial;

- f) Award Plaintiff reasonable attorney's fees and costs of this litigation; and
- g) Grant such other and further relief as this Honorable Court deems just and proper.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this ____ day of May, 2009.

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THE DEFENDANTS MAY BE SERVED AT THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES:

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Montgomery, Alabama 36104